

The next three problems deal with the part “integers, division, and modular arithmetic” of the course *Introduction to Mathematics*. For each of them you obtain at most 6 points; together with 2 extra points you get for free, this means that you can score between 2 and 20 points for this part of the exam. 28 November 2013.

- (1) [6 points] Suppose that  $n$  and  $m$  are integers and that at least one of them is nonzero. Prove that

$$\gcd(n + m, 2n) = \gcd(n + m, 2m).$$

- (2) ([2 points]) Is  $42 \bmod 101 \in \mathbb{Z}/(101)$  a unit?  
Find an integer  $x$  such that  $42x \equiv 47 \bmod 101$  ([4 points]).

- (3) This problem discusses the integer  $n := 28^{112013} - 1288$ .  
(a) [1 + 1 points] Explain why  $n$  is divisible by 8 and by 7.  
(b) [1 + 1 points] Explain why  $n$  is divisible by 5 and by 10.  
(c) [2 points] Prove that  $m|n$  for every  $m \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ .